DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT.

BY S. M. BOOTH. "THE LABORER IS WORTHY OF HIS HIRE." PRICE TWO CENTS.

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DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT.

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MILWAUKEE.

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For the Daily Free Democrat.

WHO WILL LOVE ME?

In whose hand will mine be pressed?
On whose bosom shall I rest,
When the love that slumbers deep
Wakens from its balmy sleep,
To the gleaming of an eye —
To the heaving of a sigh —
To the music of a word
In a lover's spirit stirred?
Who will press me to his breast?
In whose bosom shall I rest?

[illegible]

[illegible] Mary.

THE MUSICIAN'S MARRIAGE.

A TRUE STORY.

After having passed the summer in visiting the [illegible] towns of Germany, the celebrated pianist Listz arrived at Prague in October [illegible].

The day after [illegible] his apartment was entered by a stranger—an old man, whose appearance [illegible] misery and suffering.—The great musician received him with a cordiality which he would not perhaps have shown to a nobleman. Encouraged by his kindness, the visitor said: "I come to you, as a brother. Excuse me if I take this liberty notwithstanding the distance that divides us; but formerly I could boast some skill in playing on the piano, and by giving instruction I gained a comfortable livelihood. Now, I am old, feeble, burdened with a large family and destitute of pupils. I live at Nuremberg, but I came to Prague to seek to recover the remnant of a small property which belonged to my ancestors. Although nominally successful the expenses of a long litigation has more than swallowed up the trifling sum I recover. To-morrow I set out for home—penniless."

"And you have come to me? You have done well, and I thank you for this proof of your esteem. To assist a brother professor is to me more than a duty, it is a pleasure.—Artists should have their purse in common; and if fortune neglects some in order to treat others better than they deserve, it only makes it more necessary to preserve the equilibrium by fraternal kindness. That's my system; so don't speak of gratitude, for I feel that I only discharge a debt."

As he uttered these generous words, Listz opened a drawer in his writing case, and started when he saw that this usual depository for his money contained but three ducats. He summoned his servant.

"Where is the money?" he asked.

"There, sir," replied the man, pointing to the open drawer.

"There! Why there's scarcely anything!"

"I know it, sir. If you please remember, I told you yesterday that the cash was nearly exhausted."

"You see my dear brother," said Listz, smiling, "that for the moment I am no richer than you; but that does not trouble me; I have credit, and I can make ready money start from the keys of my piano. However, as you are in haste to leave Prague and return home, you shall not be delayed by my present want of funds."

So saying he opened another drawer, and taking out a splendid medallion gave it to the old man.

"There," said he, "that will do. It was a present made me by the Emperor of Austria; his own portrait, set in diamonds. The painting is nothing remarkable, but the stones are fine. Take them and dispose of them, and whatever they bring shall be yours."

The old musician tried in vain to decline so rich a gift. Listz would not hear of refusal, and the poor man at length withdrew, after invoking the richest blessing of heaven on his generous benefactor. He then repaired to the principal jeweler of the city in order to sell the diamonds. Seeing a miserably dressed man anxious to dispose of magnificent jewels with whose value he appeared unacquainted, the master of the shop very naturally suspected his honesty; and while appearing to examine the diamonds with close attention, he whispered a few words in the ear of one of his assistants. The latter went out and speedily returned, accompanied by several soldiers of police, who arrested the unhappy artist, in spite of his protestations of innocence."

"You must first come to prison," they said, "afterwards you can give an explanation to the magistrate.

The prisoner wrote a few lines to his benefactor, imploring his assistance. Listz hastened to the jeweler.

"Sir," said he, "you have caused the arrest of an innocent man: come with me immediately, and let us have him released. He is the lawful owner of the jewels in question, for I gave them to him."

"But sir," asked the merchant, "who are *you?*"

"My name is Listz."

"I don't know any rich man of that name."

"That may be; yet I am tolerably well known."

"Are you aware, sir, that these diamonds are worth six thousand florins—that is to say, about five hundred guineas, or twelve thousand francs?"

"So much the better for him on whom I have bestowed them."

"But in order to make such a present you must be very wealthy."

"My actual fortune consist of three ducats."

"Then you are a magician!"

"By no means, and yet by just moving my fingers, I can obtain as much money as I wish."

"You *must* be a magician!"

"If you choose I'll disclose to you the magic I employ."

Listz had seen a piano in the parlor behind the shop. He opened it, and run his fingers over the keys; then seized by sudden inspiration, improvised one of those soul-touching symphonies peculiar to himself.

As he sounded the first chords, a beautiful girl entered the room. While the melody continued, she remained speechless and immovable; then as the last note died away, she cried, with irrepressible enthusiasm:—

"Bravo, Listz! 'tis wondrous!"

"Dost thou know him, then, my daughter?" asked the jeweler.

"This is the first time that I have had the pleasure of seeing or hearing him," replied she; "but I know that none living, save Listz, could draw such sounds from the piano."

Expressed with grace and modesty, by a young person of remarkable beauty, this admiration could not fail to be more than flattering to the artist. However, after making his best acknowledgements, Listz withdrew, in order to deliver the prisoner, and was accompanied by the jeweler.

Grieved at his mistake, the worthy merchant sought to repair it by inviting the two musicians to supper. The honors of the table were done by his amiable daughter, who appeared no less touched at the generosity of Listz than astonished at his talent.

That night the musicians of the city serenaded their illustrious brother. The next day, the nobles and most distinguished inhabitants of Prague presented themselves at his door. They entreated him to give some concerts, leaving it to himself to fix any sum he pleased as a remuneration. Then the jeweler perceived that talent, even in a pecuniary light, may be more valuable than the most precious diamonds. Listz continued to go to his house, and, to the merchant's great joy, he soon perceived that his daughter was the cause of these visits. He began to love the company of the musician, and the fair girl, his only child, certainly did not hate it

One morning the jeweler, coming to the point with German frankness, said to Listz;

"How do you like my daughter?"

"She is an angel!"

"What do you think of marriage?"

"I think so well of it that I have the greatest possible inclination to try it."

"What would you say to a fortune of three million francs?"

"I would willingly accept it."

"Well, we understand each other. My daughter pleases you, you please my daughter; her fortune is ready—be my son-in-law."

"With all my heart."

The marriage was celebrated the following week.

And this, according to the chronicles of Prague, is a true account of the marriage of the great and good pianist, Listz.

For the Daily Free Democrat.

APPOINTMENTS

Of the Wisconsin Annual Conference of the Wesleyan Methodist Connection, which closed its Sessions at Columbus, Wisconsin Aug. 24th 1850.

President,	*Haskell Wheelock.*
Mineral Point Circuit,	*James H. Merry.*
Richland,	*John Richards*
Waddam's Grove,	*To be supplied.*
Palmyra & Mukwonago,	*Henry Amadon.*
Walworth,	*To be supplied.*
Winnebago,	*Hiram McKee.*
Rock River,	*To be supplied.*
Elba,	*P. P. Winslow.*
Waupun,	*Russel Brown,* *D. C. Vaughn,* *Zebina Baker.*
Vinland,	*Henry G. Merry.*
Lisbon	*Noble A. Spooner.*
Milwaukee,	*Thomas Orbison.*
Racine,	*Richard Lee.*
Metomon,	*Marcellus Barnum.*
Farmington,	*Julius L. Knapp.*
La Fayette Mission,	*A. T. Briggs.*
Sugar Creek do.	*George Bowes.*
Baraboo do.	*To be supplied.*
Portage do.	*Hiram Anderson.*

Reserve List.

Charles Powers, John G. Merriman, Ambrose C. Delap, John N. Elsberry, R. M. Delap, John Kellett, James C. Hudson, D. Ottman, S. W. Barlow, George Morgan.

REPORT

Of the Committee on Resolutions, as adopted.

Moral Reforms.

Whereas: We look upon American Slavery as a great social, moral and political evil, a system of untold oppression, a gross violation of all the laws of God, and a flagrant outrage upon the inalienable rights of men; and

Whereas: We regard war, and all preparations for war, destructive to the best interests of mankind, and contrary to the teachings of the Prince of Peace; and

Whereas: We believe Intemperance, Licentiousness and other kindred evils, are great and crying sins, detrimental to the present and future welfare of all who fall victims to them; Therefore,

Resolved, 1st. That as ministers and members of the Church of Christ, we are called upon to enter our most solemn protest against the unprincipled and inhuman, unchristian and diabolical institution of slavery, with all its "authors, promoters, abettors, and sacrilegious gains, as well as against the great devil, the father of it and them."

Resolved: 2d. That the electors of this nation are held responsible to God for the just and proper exercise of their political franchise; and that we cannot exercise this franchise to the injury of any of our fellow-men without incurring moral culpability; and without repentance we shall find ourselves involved in the sad dilemma, "For I was an hungered and ye gave me no meat," &c.

Resolved: 3d. That the ministers and members of those churches which receive to their communion slaveholders and warriors, the makers, venders and consumers of intoxicating drinks (except for mechanical, chemical or medicinal purposes) are not the true representatives of Jesus Christ, are not the salt of the earth to save it, nor the light of the world to redeem it.

Resolved; That we cannot fellowship those who countenance these systems of wrong and heaven-provoking sins—slavery, war, intemperance, &c; that we have no confidence in pro-slavery and war-defending churches and ministers; and for christians to fellowship them as brethren beloved, is to dissemble, to add insult to injury, and prove themselves base hypocrites, whose history, when written out, shall be as dark as the pages which chronicle the reign of the "mother of harlots."

Resolved: 5th, That we highly approve of the course pursued by the Moral Reformers of the age, in regard to the sin of licentiousness; and that we earnestly recommend to our ministers to preach against the sin of licentousness, and our members to practice and encourage the principles of moral purity.

Resolved: 6th, That we highly disapprove of the multiplied causes for divorce entertained by our State Governments, and that we recommend that any application for divorce, except for fornication, shall not be entertained.

Resolved: 7, That in the event of the marriage of any persons who have been divorced for any cause, save that of fornication, the minister officiating at such marriage, connives at the sin, and is culpable in the sight of God.

Resolved: 8, That the disregard shown, by ar too many, to the fourth commandment, argues infidelity of heart, and to redeem the Church from this alarming sin, will require many prayers and much labor both of ministers and people; and we earnestly recommend a renewed diligence in the observance of the holy Sabbath.

Resolved: 9, That we believe secret societies stand opposed to the advancement of the Redeemer's kingdom, to pure and undefiled religion, and to the high ground christians are called upon to take in moral reforms; hence, to be connected with or to countenance secret oath-bound societies, is to step aside from the christian's path of duty.

Resolved: 10th, That all institutions whose objects are to secure mutual protection and relief, which make color a condition of membership, are a mockery of justice, a violation of the principles of christianity, and an insult to God, repugnant to common sense, and ought to be opposed by all christians and christian ministers.

Resolved: 11th, That the bestowment of patronage afforded by the press and the pulpit upon those egregious wrongs, and the refusing to speak out and warn the people against them, is the occasion of fearful alarm; and that the cry of expediency, and the theorizing philosophy of the age, are exerting a dangerous influence, are a blight and mildew upon christian morals, and loudly call upon us, as christians and christian ministers to be diligent, to be up and doing, that we may resist and roll back this onward tide of sin, this moral ruin and spiritual death, now overspreading the nation and the church to sink them to rise no more.

Whereas, We believe the use of tobacco, tea and coffee are injurious to the health of those who use them, and destructive to the constitution of man, as well as a violation of the principles of temperance, sobriety, and cleanliness; Therefore

Resolved: That we recommend to all our ministers and members to entirely refrain from the use of them, and by precept and example to urge the same upon all others.

National Reform.

Resolved: 1st, That the principles of national refoam, in regard to the freedom of the public lands, are principles clearly set forth in the Bible, and that as christians and christian ministers we are called upon to render them our entire and hearty support.

Resolved: 2d, That every non-landholder or landless person exercising sound discretion ought to be entitled to receive from the Government a suitable quantity of land for their support, and for the support and maintenance of a family.

Resolved: 3d, That the entire homestead, together with the property thereon, ought to be exempted from seizure or forced sale, and credit be based upon moral integrity.

Resolved: 4th, That we highly approve of the course the most of our members in Congress, from this State, have taken, in regard to the freedom of the public lands.

HASKELL WHEELOCK, *President,*
P. P. WINSLOW, *Scribe.*

☞ Gliddon having failed to read the inscription on his mummy, the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin translates it into verse thus:

When Yankee lecturers stir my dust
And strip me for an exhibition,
I'll show them centuries can't be pierced
By e'en the sharpest Yankee vision.
I'll show these mushroom sages that
We Thebans have some secrets hidden,
That cant be sounded to their depths
By even greater bores than Gliddon.

MONUMENT TO SILAS WRIGHT.—The cap stone of a monument to Silas Wright, was laid at Weybridge, in Vermont, on the 27th. Mr. Van Buren, the Ex-President, was present and made some touching and appropriate remarks on the occasion. He spoke of Mr. Wright in the warmest terms, as "his nearest and dearest friend." The stone was laid by General Wool, who delivered an address, in which he narrated the leading events of the life of the distinguished statesman deceased. It was expected that Mr. B. F. Butler would deliver an eulogy, but he was not able to get there. Francis P. Blair, Mrs. Wright, and other friends were present. The monument, is constructed out of the grey marble of Vermont which is said to be in the best taste, the work of J. W. Jewett. It has no other ornament but a profile of the deceased, with his name simply below in raised letters.—*N. Y. Eve. Post.*

☞ A lady in Albany did the whole week's washing for a large family, and got breakfast for them, before ten o'clock in the morning, made new dresses for two of her children, cleaned up the house, and got dinner before one o'clock; baked half a dozen loaves of bread, and two mince pies, before four o'clock in the afternoon, and promenaded Broadway till six o'clock; got supper for the family at seven, and in the evening whitewashed three rooms. Beat that who can!

Certainly. An Irish domestic who heard this read, avers that she did all the washing, last Monday, got breakfast for fourteen, and made all the beds in the house, *before any one was up!*

RETORT COURTEOUS.—The case on trial at a country common pleas court, was one of assault; the only witness, a carpenter, was on the stand, and bore with much good nature the annoyance of a cross-fire kept up by rival counsel. A pert sprig of the law having asked him how far he was from the parties at the time of the affray, he answered just fifteen feet, four inches and a half."

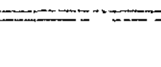
"How came you to know so exactly?" said the questioner.

"Why, I thought some fool or other might ask me, so I measured it."

Of course the court, bar and audience indulged in a hearty laugh at the expense of the young barrister.

THE TWO SEXES.—When a rakish youth goes astray, friends gather around him in order to restore him to the path of virtue.—Gentleness and kindness are lavished upon him to win him back again to innocence and peace. No one would suspect that he had ever sinned. But when a poor confiding girl is betrayed, she receives the brand of society, and is henceforth driven from the ways of virtue. The betrayer is honored, respected and esteemed, but his ruined, heart-broken victim knows there is no peace for her this side of the grave. Society has no helping hand for her, no smile of peace, no voice of forgiveness. These are earthly moralities: they are unknown of heaven. There is deep wrong in them, and fearful are the consequences.

—Dr. Theller, formerly known as a Canadian agitator, is now the editor of the Panama Echo.



Arrival of the Steamer Asia.

Death of Louis Phillippe.

Halifax, Sept. 10.

The Asia was telegraphed at 8½ o'clock, and arrived at her wharf at 10 o'clock, last night.

Louis Phillippe died on the 26th of August.

Louis Napoleon is still on his tour through the provinces.

Queen Victoria has gone to Scotland.

Austria has given in her adhesion to the English settlement of the Danish question.

The Submarine Telegraph between Calais and Dover has been completed and works well.

The steamers of the Cunard line running between Liverpool and New York, will hereafter run direct. The Asia will not touch at Halifax.

New York, Sept. 11.

The Asia arrived here this forenoon at 11 o'clock, prior to the sailing of the America at noon.

MALTA.—The Cholera has sensibly decreased. Vessels to London and other ports, are required to perform the Quarantine ten days.

The America took out 52 passengers.

Queen Victoria and suite have been the guests of the King of Belgium.

AUSTRIA.—*Its policy beginning to be more liberal.*—The fine of 2,000,000 florins imposed on the Hungarian Jews has at length been formally remitted, and they have pledged themselves to deposit in the hands of government 1,000,000 florins as a fund for Jewish schools. This voluntary tax is to be paid within two years. The government will not sell any of the estates confiscated in Hungary, but farm them for a period of two or three years.—They will eventually be returned to their former proprietors.

AUSTRIA AND HUNGARY.—*Better feeling.* It is said that the people of Hungary are becoming more reconciled to the new government, but the nobles of both Hungary and Austria were very much discontented.

The coronation of the Emperor presents great difficulties. The question to decide upon is, whether, as was the former custom, he shall be crowned in each separate province, or whether he shall be crowned, once for all, at Vienna, as Emperor of Austria.

The Cabinet are for the latter, while the provinces fiercely maintain their rights. It is thought, however, that he will not be crowned this year.

RUSSIA AND TURKEY.—The cholera continues bad in Turkey. Nothing new from the insurrectionary provinces.

The Emperor of Russia has lately added to his splendid collection of art from the celebrated Barberigo gallery of Venice.

Claims of the Napoleon Family on France. The French journals state that a claim of this family for about fifty millions of francs is to be prosecuted before the tribunals. The claim is founded on the Imperial property confiscated by the Bourbons on their restoration.—It is said that Louis Philippe is the owner of extensive domains in France, and that the dowry of the Duchess of Orleans is acknowledge as one of the debts of the Republic.—The French Republic is the first to set the example of restoring to dethroned monarchs property held by virtue of their former office.

New Bargain with the Nightingale.—The N. Y. *Herald* learns that Mr. Barnum has voluntarily proposed to Jenny Lind that the former contract be set aside, and a new one made, and she has agreed to that arrangement. The new arrangement is, that in addition to the $1,000 per concert for one hundred and fifty nights, she receive half of the net profits of Mr. Barnum, on condition that she sing for him, not only in the United States, but in any part of the world, and more particularly at the London Fair. Under this new arrangement, we do not despair of seeing Jenny in the Valley of the Mississippi. She must, of course desire to make the tour of the West before her return to Sweden. Her welcome here would be quite as enthusiastic as it has been in New York.—*Chicago Trib.*

Ditto in Milwaukee.

NEW DAILIES AT MILWAUKEE.—The *Free Democrat* (Free Soil) is to be issued daily and tri-weekly on and after the 16th inst. Friend Booth is just the man to make a spicy, wide-awake sheet. This will make the sixth daily paper in Milwaukee—four in English and two in German,—and we understand that a new Whig daily is talked of. Numerically, the Milwaukee Daily Press is going quite ahead of that of Chicago. In weeklies we are considerably ahead of our neighbors.—*Chicago Tribune.*

☞ The Lock at *Rapid Croche,* we understand, will be open for the passage of boats by Saturday next, and perhaps before that time. This extends the river navigation to Kaukauna, 20 miles above Green Bay.—*Green Bay Adv.*

Logic.—The *Express,* this morning, defending capital punishment, says:

"The gallows is a horrible instrument of torture and death, and, next to the Inquisition, the worst feature in human society; but the worse it is, the more we may hope it will keep men from the commission of crimes."

Then, why not go back to the Inuisqition?

Speaking without thinking is like shooting without taking aim.

ADMISSION OF CALIFORNIA SENATORS.

Washington, Sept. 10th.

[illegible] OFFICERS.—SENATE [illegible] appointments [illegible] Albany, N. Y., as [illegible] P. E. Gallagher of [illegible] of the Treasury; [illegible] Western District [illegible] Wm. Strong, Judge [illegible] Oregon. Lorenzo [illegible] Edward [illegible] B. D. [illegible] H. Ner- [illegible] Z. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Sept. 7th [illegible] establish [illegible] amend [illegible] point of [illegible] amendment [illegible] decision of [illegible] called on [illegible] was [illegible] declar [illegible] to amend the [illegible] ordered to [illegible] nays 57, [illegible] nays

[illegible] Committee [illegible] bill establ [illegible] for Utah. [illegible] Wilmot Proviso [illegible] moved to [illegible] providing that [illegible] for admission [illegible] admitted with [illegible] lost—yeas

[illegible] attempts were made [illegible] committee rose, and [illegible] *Territorial bill* [illegible] House adjourned.

Washington, Sept. 9th.

[illegible] celebration last night, [illegible] adjustment measures [illegible] was fired; rockets [illegible] rung joyously.—[illegible] of musicians, re- [illegible] quarters of Messrs [illegible] Foote, Houston [illegible] and cheered [illegible] from each of [illegible]

[illegible] town. Mr. [illegible] admirable. Mr. [illegible] and stirring.— [illegible]

Mr. [illegible] in such towering spirits. How [illegible] glory. The House [illegible] agreed to adjourn, by a vote of 112 [illegible] weeks.

The House [illegible] rejected Boyd's amendment to the California Bill, also one by Mr Thompson.

SENATE.—Mr Douglas moved the concurrence in the amendment to the Texas bill which was carried, after an ineffectual attempt to amend it, by 41 to 10.

The resolution of the House to adjourn this day three weeks was concurred in by the Senate after which they went into executive session.

DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT.

S. M. BOOTH, ... EDITOR.

MILWAUKEE:

MONDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 16.

Copies of the DAILY DEMOCRAT can be had [illegible] at Tanner's, of the News Boys and at the Counting Room Holton's Block, (3d story,) Spring street, west end of the Bridge. Price Two Cents

GREETING.

The FREE DEMOCRAT greets you kindly, modestly, hopefully, but without fear. It seeks a brief audience with you, at your stores, shops, offices, public places, and around your domestic hearthstones, to speak to you of passing events, and of whatever may pertain to our common welfare, as the members of one community.

We make no professions as to our course, save [illegible] FREE DEMOCRAT shall be—what its [illegible] a free paper, independent of [illegible] or clique—free to speak what its [illegible] proper and right to be said, [illegible] the discussion, within proper limits [illegible] appropriate times, of all subjects of [illegible]

Principles.

[illegible] principles of the FREE DEMOCRAT [illegible]—such as men and women [illegible] ashamed of—such as rogues, [illegible] would do well to appropriate.

[illegible] principles will be Democratic.— [illegible] sustain Democratic measures [illegible] found in the Whig or Democratic party. It will be under obligations to [illegible] party, or to both, according as they [illegible] themselves, and, asking favors of none, [illegible] endeavor to be just and generous to all.

But as the Editor does not belong to the [illegible] gender, the FREE DEMOCRAT will not [illegible] in any thing, and while it will endeavor to furnish wholesome meat sufficient [illegible] the most vigorous appetites, it will serve up no more water gruel than is absolutely necessary for those delicate individuals, who require a skim-milk diet.

Professions

Cost little, and are usually as worthless as they are cheap. To many of you, we are not strangers. You know us partially. We seek a better acquaintance. Our performances are all we have to commend us to your good will. Read, and judge.

Our Price

Is as near a penny daily, to regular subscribers, as we could afford to make it, at present. It simply netts us a penny, after paying for distribution. We have put the price low for the purpose of giving it a general circulation, and of placing it within the reach of all. We mean to make it the *People's* paper, and if suitably encouraged, we hope, bye and bye, to make it strictly a penny paper.

Our Size

Is small, but if there is room for us,—if our paper

> "Groweth out of reason,
> The strongest soil below,
> The *smaller* is its *budding*
> The more it's room to grow."

As our business patronage increases, we shall enlarge the size of the paper. In the mean time we shall try to make it a *live* paper, strong in the faith that,

> "Of what is small, but *living*,
> God makes himself the nurse
> While, 'Onward,' cry the voices
> Of all his universe."

EXCHANGES.—We send to-day's Daily to those with whom we should be happy to exchange. We will pay differences, if required—*when we think it an object.* The weekly and monthly periodicals will not find us wanting in the disposition to do them essential service—provided we think they deserve it.

☞ Those who wish to subscribe and have the DAILY DEMOCRAT left at their doors, can do so by paying at the rate of four dollars a year, quarterly *in advance.* We have taken this course at the solicitation of many, who prefer, in this way, to secure their regular receipt, instead of paying for them daily.

☞ Our advertising terms will be moderate and uniform. Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance, yearly ones, quarterly. The credit system may be excellent in trade and commerce, but it is death to newspapers.

☞ We have engaged a competent police and general reporter and news collector for our Daily. He will be on hand at all times and in all places. Every department, mechanical, financial, and *intellectual,* is fully organized. A few days will show the result.—Some interesting police sketches may be anticipated.

☞ "Queen Victoria's train is of crimson satin, and eight yards, or twenty-four feet long. Three pages hold it up, and an old woman presides at the extreme end."—*Exchange.*

In the country, when good housewives don't wish a hen to set, they tie a long red string to her tail.

SAVE HIM FROM HIS FRIENDS.—The Hon. I. P. Walker is spoken of by some as a candidate for the Presidency. Well, if he is a regular nominee he can depend on us for a *lift.*

THE WORKERS.

The real coiners of wealth, in any country, get precious little credit for it, and less pay. The *producers* are the laborers—those who use the shovel and the hoe, who mould the brick, hew the stone, carry the hod, drive the plane and hammer at the anvil, ply the awl and the needle, raise corn and cabbage, manufacture the raw products, mineral, vegetable, and animal, into articles of comfort and convenience, transport and exchange them, and last, but not least, those who stick type, and write editorials.

All the wealth of this city—its massive piles, warehouses, ships, stores, dwellings, churches, school houses—and all that makes this city—springing into existence as by enchantment—the pride and glory of the West, are the creation of the laborers. The *working* men of this city, of whatever vocation—not loafers genteel and unwashed, dandies, blacklegs and shylocks,—have built it.

The History of the Workers

Has never been written. The educated mind of the country devotes itself to the task of glorifying the rich and the great, more of whom are made such by cunning and fraud, than by honest industry, wise economy, prudent foresight, and just deservings. Our colleges adhere, with greater or less tenacity, to the old monarchical models after which they were formed, and the atmosphere which is breathed in them, with the help of a little dead Latin and Greek, a smattering of Aristotle and Plato, and a spice of School Divinity, produces an annual supply of hopeful candidates for the trinity of Law, Medicine and Divinity, most of whom regard themselves as the sublime embodiment of wisdom and knowledge, and turn up their aristocratic noses with sovereign contempt, at the manual laboring classes.

This feeling manifests itself through the newspaper press. The proprietor of a large block which is going up brick by brick, finds his name chronicled and glorified, and perhaps the architect and master-builder is put down in the category, by way of compliment to his good taste and judgment, as settings to the main picture; but what Editor or reporter for the press, thinks of naming the *real* builders—those who work the mortar, and carry the brick, and cement the whole together and finish it, from the foundation to the topmost stone?

The arrival, or departure of a Governor, Congressman, Attorney General, or Secretary of State, is duly gazetted by the press, but who records the movements of the untitled Sovereigns, whose bread is earned by the sweat of their brow?

It is time that the theory were *practically,* as well as theoretically exploded, that

> "God has made the toiling masses
> To *underpin* the *upper* classes."

It is true that the laborers *underpin* every thing that is valuable in society. But we wish to see them not only the *foundation,* but part and parcel of the *superstructure.* And they will be, when honest, intelligent, well directed, productive labor reaps its just rewards and honors. Such aid as we can give in such a cause, shall be cheerfully bestowed.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
SEPT. 10th, 1850.

FRIEND BOOTH:—The Doughfaces here are in excellent spirits. They feel sure of passing the Fugitive Bill, and the horrible measure purporting to be an act abolishing the slave trade in this District. If the Senate Bill should pass in its present form, I shall consider this modification of the law, regulating the slave trade in the District, more oppressive to the poor slave, than any law that has ever been enacted by the General Government. Its effect, instead of quieting public feeling, it seems to me, must serve to arouse the indignation of the whole North, always excepting the serviles.

The Fugitive Bill, I think equally barbarous.

Truly Yours,
CHARLES DURKEE.

GOV. DOTY AND THE PRESS.

The Washington County Blade declines to hoist the name of Mr. HOBART, and publishes a communication from "Eight Delegates" showing that Gov. DOTY is the "regular" candidate. The Rock County *Badger* says the "tricks of the small beer politicians in the Third District have been successful in defeating Gov. Doty." The *Volksfreund* "does not consider Mr. Hobart the nominee of the Democratic party in the Third District"

☞ BROCKWAY, the celebrated counterfeiter of Connecticut money, has been re-arrested and safely lodged in Hudson Jail. He broke jail some time since, and was found living in the woods in New Jersey.

MRS. MILLER RETURNED.—The Detroit Free Press, of the 6th inst, says that Mrs. Miller—she of Niagara Falls notoriety—is now with her mother in Hamtramck, having returned on last Sabbath with a warm friend of her father, who sought and brought her back.

☞ Population of Madison 1,525. Of Sandusky City, Ohio, 6000.

BY THIS MORNING'S MAIL.

☞ The Fugitive Slave Bill has passed the House—yeas 109, nays 75. It waits the President's signature to become a law.

☞ The saw mill of L. S. VAN ORDEN, Esq., at Neosho, has been carried away by the flood. The flour mill injured. Loss two thousand dollars.

☞ Mr. SIBLEY has been re-elected a delegate from Minnesota, by 200 majority.

☞ The late election in Vermont has resulted in the triumph of the Whigs—as usual. Congressmen, 2 Whigs, 1 Free Soiler, and one vacancy, which will doubtless be filled by a whig.

☞ Dr. R. S. Molony was, last week, nominated by the Cass Democracy of Wentworth's District. The Convention was very disorderly. An attempt to adopt the Wilmot Proviso, failed. 42 names were called, nine answering "Aye," and thirty three "No," when the Resolution was withdrawn. So says the Chicago Tribune. Another sign of progress backward.

CHEAP POSTAGE REPORT.—Mr. Durkee's Minority Report on Cheap Postage, with an accompanying Bill, is published in the New York Tribune, of Sept. 10th. It fills four columns of that paper.

☞ David Wilmot is re-nominated to Congress by the Democracy of his District.

☞ Willard P. Hall, Anti-Benton, is elected in the 4th Dist., Missouri. So the Delegation stands, three Whigs and two Democrats.

☞ JOSEPH M. ROOT, of Ohio, is nominated by the Free Soilers, for re-election.

BUSINESS MEN

Who wish to advertise in a paper that every body will read, should send in their notices and advertisements to the DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT. Our news-boys board every vessel and steamboat, and are among the people at their shops, stores, houses, and every where. They walk right into the business, and if you wish people to walk up to the counter and trade with you, you should walk up to the Free Democrat office and hand in your advertisements. Our circulation to-day is one thousand copies. The price of the paper is as near nothing as we dare put it, for we want every body to read it, and people will neither read nor appreciate that which costs nothing.

P. S. Jabez says that those merchants who pay from $500 to $800, and even $1,200 store rent, a year, and yet neglect to advertise in our paper, are dreadful near sighted, and he reckons they have got the *strabismus,* which he says is a disease about as bad as a cramp in the pocket, and is pretty sure to bring it on. He says it's an affection of the eyes caused by looking so long at a few shillings—the price of an advertisement—that they can't see their own true interest.

We hav n't room for a great many advertisements—and therefore they will be more likely to be read,—but our rule is—first come, first served.

SKETCHES PERSONAL.

The Hon. ERASTUS S. was a member of the last Territorial Legislature of Wisconsin. We knew him in the town of M., —— Co. He was one of the tallest specimens of the genuine Hoosier, while his corporal circumference was incredibly diminutive. He was red-headed, freckled faced,—with turned-up nose, protruding teeth, and mouth remarkable for its *open expression.*

Ras was not, however, a bad fellow, and the droll, original things that he got off were in the highest degree ludicrous. His blunders—for Ras aspired to be a lady's man—were especially laughable.

While Ras was in the House, the agreeable and accomplished Mrs. W—— gave a legislative party, to which all of the Hons. were invited. Ras was among them. On the day preceding the gathering, he was on his taps all the time. He drank more "smashes," grinned wider, took longer steps, leaned farther forward, and was generally more remarkable on that day than we had ever known him. The evening came on. Ras was on hand before dark; in fact the family were hardly done tea. But Mrs. W——, always good natured and always agreeable—made an apology and asked to be excused to "prepare." He did not fully understand her, but, supposing it to be something good to eat, consented.

The party soon collected and went off with spirit. But none so fully enjoyed themselves as did Ras. He moved among the bevies of beauties and the laughing dandies, with the tall grace of a giraffe among a litter of small pigs. At length refreshments had been discussed, and as the *ice cream* was going round, Ras thought it time to go, and went to pay his respects to the lady of the house. He approached with ice cream in hand, and said many fair things, concluding his strain of compliments, "I tell you *Miss W.,* every thing was nice, the gals was *pooty,* and you looked neat," but,—and he leaned mysteriously forward, and in a low whisper added, "*I guess you didn't know your puddin' was froze!*"

CITY ITEMS.

HURRAH FOR OUR RAIL ROAD.—The first iron horse for the Milwaukee [illegible] Mississippi Rail Road has arrived. It is a fine animal of the largest class, and looks as though it could *eat* brimstone and *snort* fire with the best of them. The rails have also been laid down a short distance in the Fourth Ward. Those who want to be whisked out to Waukesha and back, after the polls are closed on election day, had better engage tickets. We speak for a seat.

NEW RACE GROUNDS.—Spring street is the scene of racing almost daily. The plan is to leave a team without hitching, and off it starts full run, men, boys and dogs after them, till horses and coat tails disappear over the hill. It's quite a pastime and profitable for blacksmiths, waggon makers and doctors. Such a race came off Saturday, at 12, M.

A RUNAWAY AND BREAK-DOWN.—A yoke of oxen attached to a waggon, left by their owner near Walker's Point Bridge, took fright and started along the street at a full run. They ran against another waggon loaded with wheat, and broke the hind axletree off, upset several barrels of apples on the edge of the side-walk, scared an old woman, and run over a litter of pigs. But in truth, the criminal carelessness of those driving teams in the city is highly reprehensible. When some serious accident is caused by it, there may be a stir about the matter.

ANOTHER.—A loaded team started in East Water Street, crossed Spring Street Bridge, and moved swiftly up the hill. We watched them as long as we could see, for dust, but did not learn where they brought up. We understood they belonged to a teamster residing at Summit.

☞ MISS CATHARINE BEECHER will read an address to Parents, and those interested in the cause of Education, at the First Congregational Church, THIS EVENING. Remarks may also be expected from several gentlemen of ability. The meeting will be an interesting one. Let it be a full one—such as will encourage this noble patroness of Education.

S. JOHNSON, JR., WHOLESALE DRUGGIST.—We could not find room for his advertisement to-day, but we would notify our readers that he has just returned from New York with his fall stock of goods, and has every thing that can be found in the most extensive Drug Store west of New York city, and for sale at his warehouse at 151, East Water Street.

NEW CHURCHES.—The First Congregational Society, of this city, are erecting a handsome brick edifice on the east side of the river, corner of Milwaukee and Oneida Sts. It is a capacious building, and more conveniently situated than the old Church.

The Baptists, whose house of worship has been in in the progress of erection, have nearly completed it, and will soon dedicate it.

☞ Our "Devil" requests the Tract distributor, who sent him some religious Tracts through the Post Office, compelling him to pay postage on them, to the amount of four times the price of them, not to be ashamed of his calling, but to face the music, and deliver them in person. Religious advice thankfully received at this office, by all hands, from Editor to Devil. Don't be afraid.

NEW DRESS.—The *Wisconsin* appears in new type in the news department. We understand that Mr. CRAMER has purchased the interest of his late partner, Mr. CURTIS, giving him $5,000 for his half of the establishment. Friend CRAMER makes an excellent *news*paper, and if he would eschew politics altogether, his paper would be much better than it now is.

A FIGHT.—A couple of hopeful youths had a set-to up town the other day. Weapons—a knife and a club. The clubite lost his cudgel in the *skrimmage,* but got the benefit of his antagonists knife "an inch, an inch and a half or two inches," in his posterior, after which Marshal TIM interfered, and gave them both the benefit of quarters in the "lock-up."

☞ Mr. Hawkins, one of the original Baltimore Reformers, has been lecturing for the last three Evenings in this city. He speaks again to-morrow night in the Congregational Church. Go and hear him!

AN ACCIDENT.—Day before yesterday, as Dr. WESTON was passing along the side walk in front of Martin's new block, he was struck on the head by a nail-keg falling from the roof. He was severely but not dangerously injured.

☞ The Circuit Court of this District, Judge Hubbell presiding, sits to-day. We shall give daily reports of their doings.

☞ Last Saturday 340 tons more of iron for the rail road arrived, making 475 tons in all. The locomotive was placed on the track.

☞ The Fire Department meet to-night [illegible] consider the invitation of the Chicago [illegible] Department to attend their festival, Oct. [illegible]

The Daily Democrat.

[illegible] AN METHODIST CONFERENCE.

[illegible] of the only published in [illegible] radical and sweeping, [illegible] been emanating [illegible] for a long time [illegible] of inuendos about [illegible] as [illegible] of the [illegible] belong to [illegible] about [illegible] lodge [illegible] devil [illegible] him [illegible] And [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] be thrown [illegible] aside [illegible] with [illegible] relates [illegible] application [illegible] body [illegible] him to [illegible] and the [illegible] God's rain [illegible] himself [illegible]

[illegible] of Copper [illegible] twenty-five [illegible] Isle Royal and [illegible], and several [illegible]. There are sev- [illegible] of 1846 now re- [illegible] has been re- [illegible], are paying good [illegible]

[illegible] BATHURN, son of the [illegible]'s Hotel, N. Y., was ar- [illegible] an attempt to as- [illegible] to the Astor House.— [illegible] the individual who, about a [illegible] attempted to kill his mother at [illegible] by cutting her throat with a [illegible]

[illegible] D[illegible] died on the 12th [illegible], on board the *Aristide*, bound [illegible]. He was buried in [illegible]

BROKE JAIL.—FORD and KELLY, who were committed to jail at this place for counterfeiting, broke jail on the night of the 1st inst., and made their escape. Nothing has since been heard from them. The Sheriff has offered a reward of $25 for their recovery.—*Port Washington Blade.*

Advantage of being the "Rage."—We hear it stated that Howard of the Irving House, pays $1,000 for the presence of his fair guest, Miss Jenny Lind. Mr. Howard may board her all winter for half that sum.—*Day Book.*

SALAAM.—By Jabez.

As we were only born to-day,
We havn't very much to say,
And so we make our bow to all,
And give you each a friendly call
At three o'clock,—because good dinners
Soften the souls of saints and sinners,—
To let you know we're printed at
The office of the DEMOCRAT.
And though we're small, you needn't sneeze,
We're big enough to raise a breeze.
So if you like us—very good—
And if you don't—why things have stood
As small as we, firm in their place,
And never fell for want of grace.
We rather guess you'll like us, though,
But if you don't, we only know
It's not our fault—so don't be jealous;
Read us three months, and meantime tell us
Wherein our course disturbs your ease,
And we'll desist from it—*if we please.*
We're *going* into every thing,
What can't be *said*, we mean to *sing*;
For [illegible] music never comes amiss
In such a joyous world as this.
We therefore make a call, to-day,
On great and small and lean and fat,
To invite you one and all, to *pay*
One Dollar for the DEMOCRAT.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

Hon. JERUBABEL JABEZ, Esq., who signs himself modestly, Jabez, and whom, on a better acquaintance we may feel inclined—we're not familiar enough with him now—to call him *Jabe*, for short, has discovered such unmistakable signs of poetical talent in his "Salaam," that we have engaged him as a regular, occasional, and semi-occasional correspondent, in all of which capacities, we doubt not, he will give great satisfaction. Jabez is a decided genius, with a lively imagination and rather too strong a tendency to *soar*, and shoot off in a tangent, up into the lofty regions of poesy. But we think that, after clipping his wings and sobering his imagination a trifle, we shall be able to train him up to be one of the first prose writers of the State, and in poetry, to be second only to the "Wisconsin bard."

Speaking of *training*, reminds us that Jabez was once a military man, and was elected [illegible] Sergeant of the Independent Company [illegible] Blues, to fill a vacancy, after every member of the company had declined the place. He filled "vacancy" excellently well. The members of this Company, with true military [illegible], honored their name by getting partic- [illegible] on parade days, and were always [illegible] evening. Jabez would doubtless [illegible] promoted, but "*snops*" not agree- [illegible], he resigned, went through the [illegible] in three-fourths the usual time, dropping his military title, and took that of Esq., [illegible] the profession of literature, and the [illegible] trust, is about to receive the bene- [illegible] extensive and varied acquirements. [illegible] the biography of the Hon. Je- [illegible] Esq.

[illegible] Wright publishes the following card [illegible] Boston Bee. We hope the project of [illegible] the Chronotype will meet with ample [illegible]

[illegible] *of the late Chronotype.*—The undersigned being often enquired of as to [illegible] of the promised and expected resurrection of the Chronotype, takes this [illegible] of replying, that not more than six [illegible] of $100 now remain to be taken, to secure a cash capital which is deemed abundantly sufficient not only to give the paper a new life, but a blessed immortality, as a profitable concern. As this mummy, like the [illegible] which has *glid* on, will not *glide out* till the subscription is full, but very soon after, those who wish to hasten the consummation can do so by calling at No. 13 Avery street, examining the plan and subscribing if they like it. ELIZUR WRIGHT.

Portland, Sept. 10.

The following candidates are considered as elected to Congress.

1st Dis. Mc Donald, Dem. (doubtful)
2d do Appleton do
3d do Goodenow, Whig.
4th do Andrews, Dem.
5th do Stuart, do
6th do Washburn, Whig.
7th do doubtful.

Pike, Whig, gains largely on the vote for Governor.

MAN DROWNED.—We are informed by a gentleman who came passenger on the Globe, on her recent trip up, that a man apparently about thirty years of age, jumped overboard this side of Macinac, and before assistance could be rendered, disappeared beneath the waters. The deceased came aboard at Macinac, and exhibited signs of aberration of mind. From conversation had with him, it was ascertained that he resided back of Racine, and that having gone to Macinac on business, fell in the hands of sharpers there, who had fleeced him of his money. Remorse and shame did the rest.—*Chicago Tribune.*

Syracuse, Sept. 7.

New York State Fair.—Yesterday afternoon, the rush to the Fair ground was nearly as great as at any time on Thursday. All the vehicles that could accomodate passengers were in demand, and the road was lined, from the ground to the city, with conveyances of all descriptions. In the afternoon, the road was comparatively dry and dusty, so much so that inconvenience was experienced by visitors, notwithstanding the heavy rain which continued most of Thursday night.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7.

TEXAS SCRIP.—At the board to-day, $15,000 Texas regular 8 per cent scrip sold at 40 cents, which is a material advance. This movement is caused by the passage of the Texas Boundary Bill.

Peru, Sept 9.

FIRE IN PERU, ILLINOIS.—*National Hotel Burnt.*—National Hotel in ashes this morning. No insurance. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

NEWS AND NONSENSE.

☞ "Sir, will you settle that old account of yours?" "You address the wrong person, sir; I am not an old settler!"

SUBMISSIVE.—This is only found among men who are in love with a pretty "Miss."—*Then* they are *sub-Miss*-ive.

"Popping the question" is so called because it usually flies out of the mouth like a cork from a beer bottle.

☞ A mother having told her little son never to say *fat* at the table, but *gravy*, the next day he saw a large man going by and exclaimed, "Mother, there goes a *gravy* man."

"That, sir, is the Spirit of the Press," said Mrs. Bigelow, as she handed a glass of cider to her neighbor, Mr. Brown.

Be a man in your Principles.—Cherish a love for justice, truth, self control, benevolence. Swerve not from the right for any present advantage. In all circumstances show thyself a man in unflinching rectitude.

A fellow, while voraciously devouring a piece of cheese belonging to a friend, kept declaring continually that he didn't like it.

"One would suppose so," his friend replied "seeing how you *run it down.*"

The Democracy of the 21st District have nominated Dr. Norton S. Townsend for Congress.

"Oh, ma," said a juvenile to an elderly dame, "there goes pa with a yoke of steers to a bob sled."

"Hush, my child," said the mother, "it is very vulgar to say so; you should say a pair of gentlemen cows attached to a Robert sleigh!"

The following characteristic sign appears in neat letters upon a house in K street, Sacramento City:—"Rest for the weary and storage for trunks."

"Billy Larkins," who is what may be denominated a "spreeing character," once shook hands with Gen. Jackson.

"And," says Billy, "I guv him a piece of advice, at the time: says I, now General, we've elected you, I hope you will take good care of the constitution!" Says he "I'll try; and I hope you'll take care of yours."

Family Broil.—The best way to get up a "family broil," is to buy a good ham.

There is an editor in Alabama who has two wives. Oh! the scamp! Editors up this way can hardly support one.—*Cincinnati Nonpareil.*

"Wonders will never cease," as the old maid said after bidding her first beau "good night." She went straight to bed and dreamed about little frocks, tiny shoes, and all that sort of thing.

STRONG.—Physicians prescriptions are now called "death warrants in Latin."

There is a boy in Indiana, aged ten years, who is so uncommon tall that he cannot tell when his toes are cold.

Spring always re-leaves the trees as well as poor people.

"I feel as though I should fly," as the snipe said on seeing a sportsman approaching.

The greatest trial of married life, is to have your wife go out to eat ice cream with another gentlemen, and leave you to take care of the baby.

One of our young beaux says he likes all kinds of Anna, but *Anna Mosity.* He can't bear her. He is a distant relative to the one who said Satan was a female with the original name of *Lucy Fir.*

The phrase, "Go to grass!" has been in vogue ever since Nebuchadnezzar was sent out to pasture.

A chemist in this city has a little daughter named Anna Eliza—for short he calls her *Analize.* This puts Sal Amanda and Lucy Fir completely in the shade.

The following capital hit at Mr. Clay is from the "Southern Press:"

"We do not see that Mr. Clay, in his Northern tour, is kissing, as heretofore, the crowds of women that flock to see him. We suppose he is sick of *omni-bussing.*"

A facetious friend says that dancing women wear their dresses at half mast as a mark of respect to departed modesty.

At a point where the magnetic telegraph crosses the Ohio, the wires were twice broken by the weight of the birds congregated on them.

The Arms of the State of California are two grizzly bears—to indicate, we suppose, that the Californians are *death on hugging.*

There is a fellow in Connecticut who has invented a patent kissing machine. A man having one can kiss a gal so easy that she will not know it, unless the amiable swain is so vulgar as to *smack.*

—A modern poet thus criticises some church going people:

"Attend your church," the parson cries;
To church each fair one goes,
The old go there to close their eyes,
The young, to eye their clothes.

—WELL, farmer, you told us your woods was a good place for hunting: now we've tramped it for three hours, and found no game."

"Just so—well I calculate as a general thing, the less game there is, the more hunting you have."

—The British House of Commons, has voted $25,000 for stables for the infant Prince of Wales, and the youngster cannot use horses for ten years to come!

—The State expenses of California for 1850 are estimated at $700,000.

☞ A poet of Tonawanda, whose "better half" had absented herself from his domicil, thus warns the public against harboring or trusting her on his account:

Eunice, my wife, has grown qite lewd,
And left me in a lonesome mood.
She's gone in spite of friends and church,
And went to live with Timothy Murch
She left my board, and took my bed,
She carried off my meat and bread.
Know ye, therefore, who read this paper,
That since she has cut this reckless caper,
I will not pay one single fraction,
Of any debts of her contraction.

GREEN MOUNTAIN POETRY.—On a bridge near Brattleboro, Vt., may be seen the following:

"One dollar fine this bridge to pass
Unless you walk your Horse or Ass."

EVERY-BODY'S DIRECTORY.

STEAMBOATS.

Steamers CANADA, PACIFIC, and MORTON, (in connection with the Michigan Central Railroad) leave on alternate mornings, at 7 o'clock, for New Buffalo, via Racine, Kenosha and Chicago.

Steamer CHAMPION, leaves for Sheboygan daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 7 o'clock a. m. And on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, running to Manitowoc.

Steamer DETROIT, leaves for Grand Haven, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 p. m.—Lea, Agent; office U. S. Hotel Block.

A First Class STEAMER leaves every evening for Buffalo, via Mackinac. J. CRUMMY, Agent, office corner of Main street and Washington Avenue

MAILS.

Post Office 21 Wisconsin street. Open from 7½ a. m. to 9 p. m. On Sundays, from 8 to 9 a. m.; 12 to 1 p. m., and from 5 to 6 p. m.

Mails for the East, West, North and South, close at 9 p. m.

Rates of Money—Spanish Quarters, - 22 cents
" Shillings, - - 11 "
" Sixpences, - - 5 "

STAGES.

General Stage Office, 13 Wisconsin street.

STAGES leave the office for Madison, (via Janesville) every day except Sunday, at 4 a. m.

For Madison, (via Watertown,) every day except Sunday at 4 a m.

For Janesville every day except Sunday, at 4 a m.

For Fond du Lac, every day except Sunday, at 4 o clock, a. m.

For Watertown, every day except Sunday, at 4 a m.

For Port Washington, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 4 a m.

TELEGRAPHS.

Speed's Northern, Western, Southern and Eastern Lines. Office, Dickerman's Block, East Water street. Open from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

O Reilley's Southern and Eastern Lines. Office, corner East Water and Michigan streets. Open from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

EXPRESSES.

Livingston, Fargo & Co.'s, to Racine, Kenosha, Waukegan, Chicago, Detroit, Buffalo, Albany and New-York, daily, except Sunday, at 7 o'clock, a. m. Office, United States Block. Mr Burnham, Agent

Western Lake Boat Daily Express Line, Sherman & Topping, Agents, North Pier.

CLEAN GROCERY.—It has always been supposed that it was impossible to keep a Grocery Store clean. Any one can see by calling at LANGE & REED'S, that such is not the case, for their establishment is as neat as any dry goods store in the city.

JOB PRINTING, of every variety, on new and beautiful type, executed at this Office. Call and see.

AT A MEETING of the Board of Directors of the MILWAUKEE AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY, held on the 5th inst., the following Resolution was adopted

Resolved, That an instalment of twenty per centum on the Capital Stock subscribed in the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad Company, be called in, payable on the tenth day of November next—except on such subscriptions, as by the terms under which they were made are deferred to a later day.

WM. TAINTOR, Sec'y.

Milwaukee, Sept 16, 1850 d1e41td

MARKET REPORTS.

DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT OFFICE,
Monday, Sept. 16, 1850.

Owing to the extremely bad state of the roads for some time past, the amount of produce in market has been small. But few sales of any importance have taken place. Most of the wheat is taken by the millers. We quote wheat, spring, 50a56 cts; winter 70a74

Flour City Mills, $4 00; Country brands, $3,38a 3,75. Corn, 38a44. Barley, 50 cts.; Oats 31

☞ We shall hereafter give the most ample and satisfactory daily reports of all kinds of grain and produce, and staple articles of merchandize.

MARRIED,

In this city, on the 11th instant, by Rev. George Duffield, Mr. ANSON ELDRED, to Miss FRANCES MARY LADUE, both of this city

In Boston on the 27th ult. Rev. THOMAS O. RICE of West Killingly, Conn., to Miss MARGARET, daughter of the late Peleg Mann, Esq., of Boston.

In this city, on the 5th instant, by Rev. W. Miller, Mr. CHARLES R. JOYCE, of Baltimore, to Miss ATHA BARR, of this city

At Oak Creek, on the 10th instant, by the Rev. J. Sharp, Mr. M. F. DICKETT, to Miss TABITHA, youngest daughter of Deacon Joseph Dibley

DIED,

In this city, on Saturday last, Mr. J. LE GRANDE, a member of the Washington Guards. He was buried yesterday, with military honors.

GEORGE E. H. DAY,

COUNSELLOR AT LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,

And Commissioner of Deeds for the States of Maine, Vermont, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

☞ Will make collections in Wisconsin and Northern Illinois.

☞ Office in Dickerman's Block, East Water street.
MILWAUKEE, - - - - - WISCONSIN.

☞ Money invested for any length of time, at a rate of interest not less than 12 to 20 per cent per annum, and even at a higher rate

REFERS TO—T Wright, H W Clarke, Chicago; John Wilkinson, Mr. Brown, Pres't Merchants' Insurance Company, Buffalo; W B Skidmore, Augustine Eaton, New York city; Day, Owen & Co., Harvey Seymour, Hartford, Conn; Amos A Lawrence, A A Merrill, Boston, Mass. sept16 d1y1

ORTON & JENKINS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Milwaukee, - - - Wisconsin

☞ Office, on Third street, near the Water Power, west side of the river, next door south of the Mansion House. sept16 d1y1

SHEPARD, BONNELL & WILLIAMS,

Nos. 87, 89 and 91, Austin's Block, East Water street, Milwaukee—Dealers in

Dry Goods, Groceries, Cooking, Plate and Parlor Stoves, Tinner's Stock,

Nails, Glass, &c. Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware—and agents for the sale of Herring's Salamander Safes, Fairbank's Patent Scales, Meneeley's Church Bells & Surveyor's Instruments

☞ Prompt attention paid to orders. sept16 d1

ENGRAVING, AND COPPERPLATE PRINTING.

P. L. MOSSIN & CO.

Number 8 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee.

Executes Official Seals for Courts, Towns, Notaries Public, Societies, &c. Stensils, Steel Stamps, Wood Cuts, and all work in their line.

sept16 d1

LANGE & REED,

FAMILY GROCERS & PROVISION DEALERS.

Also, dealers in Nails, Glass, Sash, Cutlery, &c.

No 235 East Water st. opposite City Hotel.

O. G. LANGE d1 HERBERT REED

A. LOGAN,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER.

No 37 Spring street, Milwaukee. d1

GEO. P. GIFFORD,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Clothing, Groceries, and Pedlar's Goods

of every variety, constantly on hand, at WHOLESALE ONLY

61 *EAST WATER STREET.* 61

Milwaukee, Sept. 16. d1

BUTTER! BUTTER!! BUTTER!!!

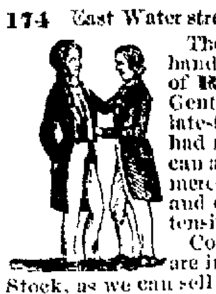
JUST RECEIVED, at the Cash Store, a lot of genuine fresh Butter, from a large dairy in Illinois, which I will sell in quantities from 1 pound up to 500 for cash, or bankable notes.

sept16 H. CLARK, 39 Spring st.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM!!

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

174 East Water street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. 174



The undersigned keep constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of **Ready Made Clothing,** and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, of the latest styles, as cheap as they can be had in the city of New York. There can also be found Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tailors' Trimmings, and every thing to be found in an extensive Clothing Establishment.

Country merchants and Clothiers are invited to call and examine our Stock, as we can sell them Goods as cheap as they can get them at the East

☞ Goods of the latest styles received every week from New York, by Express. ☞ Remember 174.

sept16 d1y LESSLER & JOSEPH

1850. FALL TRADE. 1850.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING our Fall Stock of **Drugs and Medicines,** which have been selected with much care, by one of the firm, and a member of the medical profession—and are warranted of superior quality. We offer our stock of Goods to the public knowing they will give satisfaction, as pure articles and low prices will make them so. Our stock consists in part as follows:

Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Linseed Oil.

Turpentine, Varnishes, Whiting, Glass.

Lamp Oils, Dye-Woods, Shaker's Herbs, Hair Brushes, Paint Brushes, Whitewash Brushes, Bronzes, and a general assortment of Perfumery and Fancy Articles. Most of the popular PATENT MEDICINES for sale. Ayres Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Medicines, Merchant's Gargling Oil, &c.

TRUSSES, SHOULDER BRACES & SUPPORTERS. A good assortment of

WINES AND LIQUORS, for medicinal purposes, the quality of which cannot be surpassed in this or any other city. LAKE & WILLIAMS.

136 East Water street, United States Block,
At the sign of the Mammoth Red Mortar.

Milwaukee, Sept 16, 1850 d1e41

CARD.

H S BROWN, grateful to the citizens of Milwaukee and vicinity, for their generous patronage during the past three years, would inform them that out of regard to their good taste and comfort as well as his own, he has removed his DAGUERRIAN GALLERY to more pleasant and commodious rooms, in "*Martin's Model Row*," corner of Wisconsin streets, over Crampton and Osborn's Store, where with a clear north light, and the largest Camera west of New York city, he will offer greater inducements than ever before in his branch of business. Persons visiting the city can have a good likeness taken in a few minutes. Plates, Cases, Cameras, Chemicals, Gold Lockets for sale. Young men furnished with Instruction and Outfits complete.

sept16 d1

P. BARKER,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Hats, Caps, Furs, Muffs, Buck Gloves and Mittens, Hosiery, Buffalo Robes,

Umbrellas, Overshoes, and every thing kept in the line, wholesale or retail at unusually low prices

☞ Country Dealers will find it to their advantage to give us a call before they make their purchases elsewhere. All orders from the country promptly attended to.

☞ Cash paid for Shipping Furs.

191 East Water street, Milwaukee.

sept16 2md1e41

NEW DAGUERRIAN GALLERY, Corner of Wisconsin and East Water streets.—First class Pictures taken—good Likenesses warranted—Instruments, Plates, Cases, Chemicals and Gold Lockets for sale. ☞ Instruction given in the art.

sept16 d1 H. S. BROWN

EMPIRE DAGUERREAN GALLERY,

In the Empire Block, 221 East Water street, nearly opposite City Hotel.

☞ Pictures taken in a neat manner, in the old or new style. Likenesses set in Sockets, Pins and Rings. Pictures warranted perfect and natural. Instructions given in the Art.

sept16 H. G. PEASE

BIBLE DEPOSITORY.—By A. LOGAN, 37 Spring street. d1

COW STRAYED.—Strayed a yellowish, or light brown Cow, about eight years old, with a white stripe on the back, and tail slightly clipped. Any person giving information of said Cow, to the subscriber, will be suitably rewarded. GEO. P. GIFFORD,

Milwaukee, Sept 10, 1850. 61 East Water st

CORN STARCH, Hecker's Farina, Potato Flour, Extracts Lemon, Vanilla and Orange; Lemons, Peaches, and all sorts of good things, at

sept16 LANGE & REED'S.

H. Clark's Cash Store,

39 Spring street,

Is the place to get Groceries & Provisions.

Tea from 7s to 10s per pound;
N O and St Louis Sugars, of the different grades,
A superior article of Molasses; Sugar house do.
Golden Syrup; Butter, warranted good; Cheese;
Soap and Candles, by the box or retail; Salt,
Flour, extra superfine and fine,
Stone Ware of all kinds,
Black pepper, ground and unground, by the box or sack; Coffee, Rice, Codfish, Whitefish,
Mackerel, No 1, Pork, Potatoes, Oil,
Salt by the sack or barrel, Raisins, Currants,
Peaches, &c. &c.

The above are a few of the articles too numerous to mention

☞ Our Goods are warranted, or no sale. Goods sold cheap for cash in all cases.

N. B. No charge for delivering Goods in any part of the city. sept16-d1 H. CLARK

SAVINGS BANKING,

Exchange and Loan Office.

DRAFTS ON NEW-YORK SOLD

At the lowest current rates.

Eastern Exchange and Gold Coin purchased.

MONEY LOANED

On short or long time, at low rates, in any county in this State; also in the northern part of Illinois, on unincumbered and productive real estate.

Applications for Loans by letter,

postage paid, will receive prompt attention.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSITE,

payable on demand.

☞ Also will pay interest on money deposited for stated periods.

Office 168 East Water street, Milwaukie.

L. P. & R. K. SWIFT.

Milwaukee, Sept 16, 1850 d1

WEST & CURTIS,

Wholesale & Retail Grocers,

DEALERS IN

PROVISIONS, PRODUCE AND LEATHER.

NO. 15 SPRING ST.

S. C. WEST. — HARVEY CURTIS.

EDWARD D. HOLTON,

NO. 16 and 18 SPRING ST.

(opposite American Hotel.)

Manufacturer of Saleratus,

AND DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

And PRODUCE.

MENOMONEE HOTEL.

BY D. N. NEIMAN.

West Water st., near Spring street bridge.

MILWAUKEE. 37

"City Express."

WARRANTED FLOUR—or any thing else in my line, delivered to any part of the city, free of charge. Please send your order to No. 15 Spring st., *west* side, south-*west* corner

march12 S. C. WEST.

HEADLEY'S WORKS, complete: Les Granges the Puritan and his Daughter; &c. &c.

dec25 S. CHAPMAN.

DOWNING'S FRUIT and Fruit Trees; Brown's Carpenter's Assistant; Olendorf's French Grammar—this day received.

march2 CHAPMAN, 8 Michigan st.

Daily Free Democrat.

THOUGHTS OF HEAVEN.

BY MARY HOWITT

Thoughts of heaven! they come when low
The [illegible] eve's breeze doth faintly blow:
When the mighty sea shines clear, unstirred
By the wave [illegible] or dipping bird:
[illegible] come in the rush of the surging storm,
When the [illegible] waves rear their giant form—
When [illegible] dark rocks curl the breakers white,
And [illegible] lightnings rend the night—
When [illegible] ship hath vainly striven
[illegible] tempest's might, come thoughts of heaven.

[illegible] man doth not intrude,
[illegible] solitude,
[illegible] the great rock's height
W[illegible] lonely eagle takes its flight
[illegible] the eternal snows,
[illegible] made its resting place,
[illegible] the dark water lake,
Where [illegible] wan sails from her silent brake,
[illegible] angels at her light feet,
[illegible] of heaven come unrepressed.

[illegible] we gaze on the midnight sky,
[illegible] stars dark and high,
[illegible] on the wings of thought sublime,
[illegible] dimensions and the bounds of time,
[illegible] ended,
[illegible] of being in light revealed
[illegible] gone [illegible]
[illegible] burst forth the holy hymn,
[illegible] swell full and high,
[illegible] melody

[illegible] from his joy beguiled,
[illegible] to the [illegible] guileless child,
[illegible] age in his dim decay,
[illegible] not borne away,
[illegible] dark distress,
[illegible] wilderness,
[illegible] chambers of the dead,
[illegible] with endless tread,
[illegible]
[illegible] to all

ELIZUR WRIGHT.

[illegible] ON THE 'LATTER-DAY [illegible]' [illegible] THE 'EIGHTEEN [illegible] Books. Edited by ELIZUR W[illegible] first number of this retort on [illegible] transcendencies takes up the [illegible] Universal Suffrage, Capital Pun[illegible] Slavery. Elizur Wright's well-[illegible] performs any quantity of [illegible] Carlyle's palpable sophistries, and in [illegible] completely. A specimen or [illegible] some [illegible] his hits. (Boston: [illegible] Simpson & C[illegible] New York: Sold [illegible] Townsend.)

[illegible] WRITER.

[illegible] has always been a writer of the [illegible] generality. He shoots his [illegible] of clouds and darkness, throw[illegible] upon things in general, and [illegible] particular. You read him to the [illegible] ravenous appetite and rise from [illegible] with an unaccountable sense of emp[illegible] hear him thunder against [illegible] priesthoods; you [illegible] heroes, such as are not seen alive, [illegible] never were; but when you come [illegible] application of all this sublime [illegible] tangible, present, every-day reali[illegible] at you as a vulgar [illegible]. In vain [illegible] questioned him as to what he would [illegible] of the trash he has been sweeping [illegible] dust hole. 'The government and [illegible] of true, wise and heroic men,' he [illegible] sticking to his generality. 'But who [illegible] 'That is your lookout: you must [illegible] elect them or perish.' 'But who are [illegible] And how shall we elect them?' These [illegible] questions, pushed for a decade or two, [illegible] at last [illegible] poor Carlyle quite beyond [illegible] and mere general thunderer and [illegible] read as he is, without an average [illegible] that '[illegible]' of which he [illegible] slightly, he has been forced to attempt [illegible] Latter-Day Pamphlets some sort of an[illegible] And his answer is quite remarkable. W[illegible] dynasties or priesthoods may [illegible] or say of it, heaven only knows.—[illegible] they will think it, all things consid[illegible] a flagon of their wine, or a service [illegible] or the precious [illegible] under their [illegible] not for us to imagine. It is a point [illegible] profound wisdom to decide.—[illegible] reminds me of a humble canine [illegible] mine, who once upon a time snap[illegible] of meat which had fallen on the [illegible] owing it together with some of the [illegible]. He could not be got to repeat [illegible]. To epitomize this notable an[illegible] Carlyle in his own sort of English, it [illegible]

[illegible] 'Only incompetent friends, [illegible] and how are we to elect divine [illegible] true priests to govern and teach [illegible] frank with you, you are nothing [illegible] 27,000,000 of fools, with a few [illegible] scoundrels, and the divine heroes [illegible] priests. Heaven only knows who [illegible] are [illegible] elect themselves.—[illegible] bound in your incompetence to [illegible] own them. They are bound, on [illegible] eternal peril, to elect themselves—[illegible] themselves elected by universal suf[illegible] otherwise. They are God ap[illegible] the scoundrels and the sooner [illegible] at the better. *You* elect rulers [illegible] Shall folly have the wisdom to get [illegible] governed? Shall evil correct it[illegible] water run up hill, or a man lift himself [illegible] waistbands?'

[illegible] Carlyle, nothing is easier for [illegible] than to ride into chaos [illegible] as him on a figure of [illegible] You will find the figure called *ass* [illegible] always ready for the saddle, and [illegible] belonging to the *ass* tribe, it [illegible] a mile beyond common sense in [illegible] taunts. Assuming that a ma[illegible] nation are born fools, with ex[illegible] scoundrels, universal suffrage of [illegible] folly. A very foolish person [illegible]. What is due to Thomas Car[illegible] such an assumption, or in oth[illegible] setting up a most God-dishonor[illegible] God's truth,' he, as a general [illegible] and universal scold, by trade, [illegible] and lies—in the abstract—does [illegible] and in many places declare.—[illegible] creature,' he says in one place, [illegible] know then that every lie is ac[illegible] the parent of more curses?' Yes, C[illegible] knows that, in the general, as who [illegible]? But where is the fruit of his know[illegible] Practically, he slanders his Maker.—[illegible] professes the most profound admiration [illegible] respect for Nature, and then abuses the [illegible] end of it, human nature. The mass [illegible] countrymen, and *a fortiori* the rest of [illegible] world, he pronounces 'fools,' that is, fail[illegible] miserablest of abortions! Is this so? in [illegible] length and breadth of beautiful flowery [illegible] thinking, doing, merry England—is misery the rule, and happiness the exception? O God! if this is a hell, where is heaven? In spite of beer, brandy and brutality, there do go up from that ancient classic land a hum of contented industry and a hymn of domestic endearment, a laugh of social pleasure and a shout of joyful achievement, in harmony which is wonderfully little disturbed by wails of oppression, want, violence and vice, after all. And yet even Carlyle does not pretend that England, since Cromwell, has been remarkably well governed. Indeed, if I may interpret him, no few of its rulers have been scoundrels who deserved to be hung. Yet the millions have had the wisdom to be thus happy. Are they fools? If Governments are so potent as Carlyle would have us believe, for good or for ill, surely it must require no small wisdom in the masses to get along so comfortably with a bad Government."

CARLYLE ON GOVERNMENT.

"Carlyle seems to think that Government must seek out wisdom, and feed it with official pap, or it is lost! Is wisdom a parasite in nature, or a plant that must be delicately pursed and potted, or it will turn into a weed and cumber the ground? A doctrine more disgusting and insulting to all men with souls was never propounded.

"Governments, so called, have been the death of no little wisdom. They have used up in the governing of to-day, what might have governed for ages. Carlyle has the vulgarity to regret that Robert Burns was not so used up. He thinks it would have been of inestimable service to England if William Pitt had called Burns into his cabinet, instead of leaving him to 'gauge ale, and be thankful: pouring *his* celestial sunlight through Scottish Song Writing—the narrowest chink ever offered to a Thunder-God before.' Not so very narrow a chink, though. I should like to know what regal or vice regal Solomon ever rayed so much celestial wisdom from the chinks of a palace. Pitt did mischief enough to England by running her in debt; I am sincerely thankful he did not add the more enormous rascality of robbing her and the world of a Burns.—With high veneration for the wisdom, wit and heroism of Burns, I have no faith that he would have glorified either of the three in a Downing Street secretaryship. The only good any man could then have done England, in that capacity, was to have thundered in her ears, and engraved on her memory with the point of a red-hot crowbar, the eternal money-wisdom, PAY AS YOU GO! Would Burns, the uncalculating, who allowed himself to run in debt to the future for wit and pleasure through the wine cup, have done that? No, no; the sort of wisdom that Pitt wanted was that of Ben. Franklin, a Boston printer boy, who could dine on a crust and *water*, experiment on lightning, and keep accounts."

CARLYLE ON SLAVERY.

"In his veneration of the chattel slavery of the Africans, and his towering contempt for abolitionism, Mr. Carlyle outdoes the late lamented John C. Calhoun. Somehow or other, in his closet there in Cheyne Row, Chelsea, hard by the Thames, he has imbibed a contempt for the negro or ebony cut man, so intense and transcendental that it would be considered a little extravagant in the patriarchal kingdom of South Carolina. Somehow or other he has got it into his wise and almost prophetic head that, whereas the slave owner is a successful and thrifty captain of labor, and his negro slave a genuine and effective toiler, the free negro is necessarily the very incarnation of idleness. He sinks the whole sable style of humanity under this condemnation, without exception or qualification. Meeting a dingy Douglass or a pitchy Ward, who has worked his way from chattelhood up to the side of the ablest of white Sanhedrim Doctors and Senators, hero worshipper as he is reported to be, he is ready to address the runaway in the following contemptuous and profane words. (See *Model Prisons*, page 25.) 'And you Quashee, my pumpkin,—(not a bad fellow either, this poor Quashee, when tolerably guided!)—idle Quashee, I say you must get the Devil *sent away* from your elbow, my poor dark friend! In this world there will be no existence for you otherwise. No, not as the brother of your folly will I live beside you.—Please to withdraw out of my way if I am not to contradict your folly, and amend it, and put it in the stocks if it will not amend. By the Eternal Maker, it is on that footing alone that you and I can live together!'

"Now I think that if Thomas Carlyle were to undertake the task of *tolerably guiding*, by means of the stocks and such like, either Douglass or Ward or some others I wot of, he would indeed find them "some pumpkins."—If he did not, he would succeed better than one Thomas Auld and others. But the simple hearted and verdant man has been utterly imposed upon as to facts, by some West Indian overseer or bankrupt slave proprietor, who has taken advantage of his intense antipathy to cant and prejudice against the Exeter Hall platform. Idleness! good God! that is on the other side. Idleness in its most unmitigated form has carried the whip and instilled its own image into the negro at the point of it. This is an education to laziness which the African must have time to recover from. Carlyle is yet to be disabused of a legion of lies, which lazy vagabonds, too lazy to brush their own coats, have poured into his unsophisticated ears. Does Carlyle dare to accuse George Stephen, as true a man as ever opened his eyes to a British sky, of cant and twaddle?—Let him read George Stephen's volumes *delineating* the law and practice of the West Indian Slavery, and see what it was that emancipation has ruined. He will there see that slavery was to the planter nothing but bankruptcy and ruin, revolving in short cycles, while to the slave, to say the least, it was a monstrously awkward mode of producing industry. Though it managed to produce some sugar, it was any thing but sweet to the parties immediately concerned. That emancipation, however foolishly brought about—and the tax payers of England may well enough groan over the £20,000,000—has *increased* the idleness of our dark friends, is a most impudent lie. The planters were bound to ruin any how, and no alms or "compensation" could save them. Ruin was periodical and certain with them, their natural inheritance. The indisputable and undeniable fact that the emancipated slaves in Jamaica could do and have done better for themselves, with their own labor on their own land, than they could do working in worn out sugar estates at any wages and with any domestic accommodations which speculators in such cultivation could or would afford to pay and yield them, is surely one that cannot make against emancipation, except with knaves and swindlers. Quashee, with a Yankee shrewdness which does him infinite credit, has seen fit to "guide" himself out of the clutches of white sharpers and speculators, *et hinc illæ lachrymæ*—hence this book of Lamentations. But look again, O white Christendom, at the genteel vagabonds who pretended that they were God-appointed to wield the many-tailed cat over Quashee, to secure his industry, and keep him in his destined sphere. What did they prophesy as the consequence of their having to give up that sacred symbol of their office? Nothing less than universal riot, havoc, blood and fire.—Did a word of it come to pass? No. The rogues know they lied. Yet they now hold up their heads—with the rich metalic luster of the cymbal—and impose upon our poor, innocent, philanthropic friend Carlyle as if they had not been caught in the fibs without the fate of Ananias and Sapphira! The British West Indies, once a hell, are no paradise now, but nevertheless—and Quattlebum grieves to know it—emancipation has worked well for the slave, and far better than he deserved for the master. There is, dear Doughface, no rubbing this out, or lying it down, to all eternity. The white race will consult its self-respect and dignity by admitting the fact and governing itself accordingly. Even Anglo Saxondom, with its manifest destiny, will come off second best in an encounter with this eternal truth. Jamaica is a better and more hopeful island to-day in every human, honest and noble sense of the word—better and richer in the presence of all the gods except Mammon and Belial, than it was on the 31st of July, 1834, or any day for 200 years before that. Its chief mourners are no other than the soul of Judas Iscariot and the editors of our blessed *N. Y. Journal of Commercial Christianity*, whose grief at empty sugar hogsheads and leaky rum puncheons is to be sure intense and pitiful enough."

Not to be beat!—Rebecca Smith, of the town of Henderson, Jefferson Co, N. Y. relict of Abira Smith, deceased, has spooled and quilled the yarn for 1,000 yards of cloth, knit 60 pairs of stockings, within the last ten months, beside attending to her houshold duties, usually making her own and two other beds daily, and all this at the age of 90 years in February next.—Girls, do heath at?

FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE.

THE subscriber being duly authorized to act as Agent, is prepared to receive applications and take Risks for Insurance on Buildings and other property, against loss or damage by FIRE. Also against the dangers of navigation, on Goods, and Hulls of Steamboats and Vessels. He also receives applications for LIFE INSURANCE, in three well established and first class Companies.

The subscriber is also the agent for the BERKSHIRE HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY, and the AMERICAN LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY, and takes risks in both at moderate rates.

It is the intention of the subscriber to devote his attention to Insurance in all its various branches, and designs to act only for such Companies as do their business fairly and to the satisfaction of those who deal with them.

☞Office No. 177 East Water street, Heide's Block, Milwaukee. J. A. NOONAN.
June 11, 1850. 27

Blindness Cured.
DR. KNAPP, OCULIST,
FROM ALBANY, N. Y., attends exclusively to cases of Blindness and Diseases of the Eyes, at his Eye Infirmary, No 229 East Water street, nearly opposite the City Hotel, Milwaukee.
Dr. K., while in Albany, had many patients from the Western States; and he would now invite all persons afflicted with blindness, or any diseases of the eyes, to call at his office, as there will be no charge for examinations
Regular office hours from 9 to 12 o'clock daily, Sundays excepted.
The following notice is from the Albany Freeholder: "If the public apply to Dr. Knapp the old principle, that a man shall be known by his works, we feel confident in saying that Dr. Knapp will occupy a high position among the scientific Oculists of the nineteenth century." june4

A Card.
J. S. DOUGLAS, A. M., M. D.
Homœopathic Physician,
Having dissolved his partnership, has opened an Office on Wisconsin street, one door west of the General Stage Office, where he keeps, as heretofore, a full assortment of Medicines for Physicians and families, and family cases in variety.
Dr. D. trusts that a long experience in both the Alleopathic and Homœopathic schools of medicine, untiring devotion to the science and practice of his profession, and a success which few will venture to deny, will justify and perpetuate the generous confidence which has been hitherto awarded to him by so large and respectable number of the citizens of Milwaukee. Feb. 1850 11

L. M. TRACY, M. D.
Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon,
Office in Holton's Block, Spring st.
☞ He keeps constantly on hand Homœopathic Medicine of all kinds, for the supply of Physicians and families. 9

MELODEONS.
JUST RECEIVED, a large assortment of PRINCE & CO'S IMPROVED CARHART MELODEONS. Just call and look at them, at ILSLEY'S MUSIC STORE, 192 East Water street, because they are "NICER" than *any others*. nov26

CLOVER SEED.
100 BUSHELS clean Ohio Seed, at No. 15 Spring street, *West side*, south-*West* corner, &c. Also Timothy Seed march12 S. C. WEST.

Wisconsin Marine & Fire Insurance Company.
THIS Company continues to effect Insurance, both Marine and Fire department, on liberal terms.—They also receive money on deposite, and transact other monied operations, in which by their charter they are authorized to engage.
Special rates of interest allowed on sums deposited for stated periods.
Exchange on the principal cities of the Union to be had at low rates.
Remittances made to any part of Great Britain and Ireland. ALEX'R MITCHELL, Sec'y.
Milwaukee, June 4, 1849. 27

Stoves at Wholesale.
300 No. 2, Erie, Buffalo and Albany Cook Stoves.
400 do 3, do do do do
200 do 4, do do do do
100 do 5, do do do do
Also—Double Oven, Yankee Notion, Carpenter's, Key Stone State, Clinton Air Tight, Monarch, New-England, Western and Great Western Hot Air Wood and Coal, Office and Parlor Stoves, the best assortment in the market, and for sale on favorable terms
SHEPARD, BONNELL & WILLIAMS.
Milwaukee, April 2. 17

NAILS, SASH AND GLASS | for sale by
E. D. HOLTON, 16 and 18 Spring street.

CABINET, CHAIR, SOFA AND UPHOLSTERY WARE-HOUSE,
Birchard's Block, 21 Spring street,
MILWAUKEE.
J. F. BIRCHARD
Invites the attention of the citizens of Milwaukee, and Wisconsin generally, to the best assortment of splendid and fashionable
CABINET FURNITURE,
in the western country, made in the most ancient and modern Parisian styles, consisting in part of
Elizabethian, Gothic, Louis XIV and Plain Sofas;
Mahogany Chairs, Ottomans, Divans, Tete a Tetes,
Italian marble-top Bureaus and Wash Stands,
Card, Sofa, Pier, Centre-claw and Dining Tables,
Book Cases, French Bedsteads,
Dressing and Plain Bureaus,
HAIR, MOSS AND COTTON
Mattrasses and Paliasses,
Church Cushions, &c.
Together with a very general assortment of
Walnut, Maple, and Painted Furniture
got up under his own personal superintendence, o the best seasoned materials, by competent and experienced workmen, and WARRANTED, as to quality and price, equal to any in the city of New York or elsewhere.
Also, an extensive assortment of
Mahogany Boards and Plank, Mahogany and Walnut Veneers, Hair Cloth, Curled Hair and Moss,
wolehsale andretail. June 13, 1849.

1850.
First arrival from California.
At No. 166 East Water st.
Corner of Michigan.
S. GARDINER, Jr., has this day received the largest and richest assortment of
JEWELRY
ever offered to the citizens of Milwaukee, consisting of entirely new patterns; new styles of Bracelets, with box and brilliant settings; Pins and Ear Rings, fifty different patterns; gold double and single Lockets! Guard and Vest Chains; slides, diamond, topaz, amethyst, garnet, emerald, pearl, cornelian, agate, ruby, and various patterns of Finger Rings; Gold Studs, gents Gold Seals and Keys, new styles; silver combs; gold thimbles, spectacles, and a large lot of SILVER TABLE and TEA SPOONS; fish and cake knives.—Also, any quantity of Gold and Silver bullion, Lace, Gimps, Stars, Tassels, Braid, &c.
Call and examine his stock, at 180 East Water st.
SAM'L GARDINER, Jr.
Milwaukee, Jan. 1, 1850.

NEW GOODS!
S. E. FOOTE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND CLOTHIER,
173 East Water street, Milwaukee,
(Sign of the Three Hats,)
HAS JUST RECEIVED the largest and most extensive assortment of GOODS IN HIS LINE ever offered in this market, consisting of fine French, English and American
BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS, SATTINETS,
Silk, Satin, Cashmere & Valencia Vestings,
which will be made up to order, in the most faithful and workmanlike manner, and at prices that cannot fail to suit. Also, every variety of
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Satin and Bombazine Stocks, Satin Ties, Wrappers, Drawers, Hose, Umbrellas, Suspenders.
He is also dealer in
Hats, Caps, Furs, &c.
all which will be sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to correspond with the times. Country dealers supplied.
☞ A general assortment of Tailors' Trimmings constantly on hand
Milwaukee, May 8, 1849. 23

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
ROOD & WHITTEMORE,
154 East Water st. 154
MILWAUKEE,
Booksellers, Stationers,
And BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS
School Books,
By the hundred, dozen, or single copy.
CLASSICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.
All the Standard and Popular Miscellaneous Works of the day. History, Biography, works of great men; Travels, Poetry, Fiction, &c. &c. Elegantly bound books suitable for presents, illustrated editions, &c. Also, a great variety of beautiful Juveniles.
LAW BOOKS.
A large stock of valuable Law Books, just received, which we are selling at very low prices.
Public and Private Libraries
furnished with all the best editions, and on the most favorable terms.
District and School Libraries supplied.
Blank Books.
A large assortment constantly on hand, and made to order on short notice
Cap, Letter, and every variety of PAPER, together with a splendid assortment of STATIONERY, constantly on hand, which we offer to Merchants, Teachers and others, on the most reasonable terms
November 6, 1849. 48

262 PACKAGES.
106 Crates, 56 Hogsheads, 100 Boxes,
OF EARTHEN, CHINA & GLASSWARE.
Looking Glasses, Tea Trays, Silver Plated and Brittania Ware,
SOLAR LAMPS, HALL LANTERNS,
And a variety of other goods connected with the trade, making a large, slendid and very complete assortment at HATHEWAY & HURD'S.
Dec. 1, 1847. [144 East Water-st. Milwaukee

Insurance Company.
North-Western Insurance Company, of Oswego, N. Y.
THIS INSTITUTION, chartered by the Legislature of New York, in 1834, has established an Agency in Milwaukee, and will insure upon Merchandize, Produce, Vessels and Property generally against Fire and Marine loss, at moderate premiums. This Company has done a large business in Western New-York, and all along the Lakes, and has a ready and available capital and surplus invested for use in any exigency. All losses will be promptly and liberally settled by the Company, they having never had a law suit to compel the adjustment of any claim.
GEORGE FISHER, Pres't.
Samuel Hawley, Sec'y
WILLIAM J WHALING, Agent,
oct1 Office in Dickerman's Brick Block

NOTE PAPER and NOTE ENVELOPES, a new supply. Parties, public and private, Ball Tickets, &c. &c., supplied at the lowest prices.
jan15 S. CHAPMAN, Michigan st

WOMEN OF THE OLD AND NEW TESTAMENT a most beautiful book for a present, just received. Also, a few Annuals, for 1850, which will be sold at almost any price to suit the purchaser.
feb6 ROOD & WHITTEMORE.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, School Books, and Stationery, wholesale and retail, always on hand. McGuffey's School Books, in any quantities.
jan15 S. CHAPMAN, Michigan st

SADDLERY,
1850. 1850.
Saddlery Hardware,
CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS, WHIPS, &c.
THE subscriber is now receiving his Spring supply of
SADDLERY, HARDWARE,
And Carriage Trimmings,
and takes this method of informing his old customers, and all who want goods in his line, that his stock being now complete, he is prepared to sell, for cash, at reduced rates, and at such prices as must satisfy those who try him, that
211 East Water street
is the place to buy
SADDLERY, WHIPS, LASHES, FLY NETS, &c.
He offers an extensive assortment of WHIPS and WHIP LASHES, at very low rates.
FLY NETS, all qualities and colors
His stock of Manufactured work is custom made and warranted, consisting of all kinds of
Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.
Give him a call, and you will have an opportunity of selecting just such an article as will suit you, and in any quantity. GEO. DYER
Milwaukee, May 24, 1850. 25

BOSTON
PIANO FORTES.
THE subscriber has just received a new supply of splendid PIANO FORTES, from the Boston manufactures, which in sweetness of tone and richness of finish are unrivalled in any market. He has instruments from the well known house of CHICKERING—the sweet-toned Æolian from the manufactory of T. GILBERT & Co., and some of the very best ever manufactured by HALLET, DAVIS & Co., all well known to the musical public, as the best makers.—Disinterested judges universally concur in the opinion that no Pianos in the world equal these. They have a
Richer tone than any others;
Are more durable than any others;
Have a more rapid action than any others;
Stand longer in tune than any others;
Less liable to get out of order than any others;
Have a more open scale than any others;
Preserve the original tone longer than any others;
Break less strings than any others;
Are better in every particular than any others,
They sell faster than any others;
And purchasers should always examine them before buying any others.
For sale at Boston prices
Also constantly on hand, a large assortment of PRINCE & CO'S IMPROVED
Carhart Melodeons,
of four and five octaves; for which we are sole Agent for this city.
A large addition has also just been received to our stock, of
Accordeons, Violins, Guitars, Violincellos,
Banjo, Flutes, Clarionetts, Fifes, Flageolets
Sax Horns, Trombones, Cornopeans, Violin Screws,
Bows, Strings, Bridges, Finger Boards,
Guitar Strings, Tuning Forks, Clarionet Reeds,
Mouth Pieces, for all varieties of Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, the latest Songs, Operas,
Waltzes, &c. Instruction Books of all kinds, and in fact every thing in the line musical that can be named. For sale CHEAP at
ILSLEY'S
Piano Forte and Music Store,
No. 192 East Water street.
Milwaukee, Nov. 21, 1849. 51

PAPER-HANGINGS
AT EIGHT CENTS A ROLL!!
S. CHAPMAN, [agent for the Manufacturer,] No. 7 Michigan street, has just received a new supply of Paper Hangings, all new and rich patterns, varying in price from 8 to 63 cents per roll.
Also, a new assortment of CURTAIN PAPERS and FIRE BOARD PRINTS. june3

REYNOLDS' GREAT ROMANCE.
NOW COMPLETE,
The Bronze Statue, or the Virgin's Kiss.
BY G. M. W. REYNOLDS.
Author of Life in London, Ellen Monroe, Mysteries of the Court of London, &c. &c.
Complete in two large hand-some volumes. Price $1.
☞ The above work first appeared in Reynolds' Miscellany, the last steamer bringing over the completion.
This work is unlike any of the author's previous works, being entirely free from any thing that would offend the most fastidious, but abounding in scenes and descriptions of the most thrilling character.—We defy any one to read twenty pages of the Bronze Statue and lay the book aside.
The Queen's Necklace, or the History of the Court of Louis the 16th.
By Alexander Dumas, Esq. Price $1.00.
july16 For sale by B. B. BIRD.

New Publication Depot.
B. B. BIRD,
Bookseller and Stationer,
At the POST-OFFICE, Milwaukee.
KEEPS constantly on hand all kinds of New Publications, Magazines, Periodicals, Annuals, Card Cases. Also, GOLD PENS of the first quality, price from $1.50 to $4.50.
B. B. B. is also agent for the Albany Cultivator, Genesee Farmer, Wisconsin Farmer, Saturday Courier, New York Herald, New York Tribune, Gem of the Prairie, Scientific American, Flag of our Union, Water Cure and Phrenological Journals, Sartain's Graham's and Godey's Magazine, Literary American Weekly Universe, Saturday Evening Post, &c. &c.
May 22, 1849

LUDINGTON & CO.
Old Corner Store,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, LUMBER, SALT, &c.
Milwaukee, May 29, 1849. ly26

NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!!
At BIRD'S DEPOT, Post Office.
JUST RECEIVED, the largest and best selected assortment of old and new Novels; ANNUALS for 1850; Wedding Cards and Envelopes; Note Paper; Letter Paper, Cap Paper; GOLD PENS; Memorandum Books for 1850; Card Cases; Pocket Books, and every thing that appertains to a miscellaneous and fancy stock, all of which will be sold cheap for cash. nov23 B. B. BIRD.

GLASS.—575 boxes of Window Glass, McCully's brand, received this day, which renders my assortment perfect, of all sizes, from 6 by 8 to 30 by 40. Dealers supplied at a small advance from manufactory prices. For sale by S. JOHNSON, Jr.
may1 151 East Water st.

250 OZS BRONZE, all colors gold, silver, green crimson, blue, &c. this day received and for sale by S. JOHNSON, Jr
sept25

BANK NOTE REPORTERS.—Constantly receiving, Thompson's and Taylor's Bank Note Reporters and Coin Charts. For sale wholesale and retail at july22 TANNER'S, 7 Michigan street

H. S. BURTON & CO.
No. 7 Holton's Block, Spring street,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Groceries, Leather, Findings
Nails, Glass, Dried Apples, &c. &c.
MANUFACTURERS OF SOAP & CANDLES.
Cash paid for Hides, Tallow and Soap Grease.
Milwaukee, May 1, 1849. 22

WARAGA, or Charms of the Nile, by Furness; People I have met, by N P Willis; Headley's Miscellanies, authorised edition; Headley's Sacred Mountains; Headley's Works complete—for sale by
apr 12 S CHAPMAN